PubMed ▼	
	10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/1

Format: Abstract

Full text links

South Asian J Cancer. 2016 Jul-Sep;5(3):122-4. doi: 10.4103/2278-330X 18





Genitourinary cancers: Summary of Indian data.

Yuvaraja TB¹, Waigankar S¹, Bakshi G², Prakash G².

Author information

- Department of Uro-oncology and Robotic Surgery, **Kokilaben** Dhirubhai Ambani Hospital and Medical Research Institute, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India.
- 2 Department of Uro-oncology, Tata Memorial Hospital, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India.

Abstract

Tumors of the genitourinary system are one of the most common tumors encountered in clinical practice. The associated morbidity and mortality and the significant proportion of affected middle-age individuals have a major bearing on the death-adjusted life years compared to other malignancies. Genitourinary system tumors encompass a very broad spectrum with regard to age, location, histology, and clinical outcomes. Advances in diagnostic imaging, surgical techniques, radiotherapy equipment, and generation of newer chemotherapeutic and targeted agents over the past few years have helped improving treatment outcome. Several focused groups within India have been working on a range of topics related to genitourinary system tumors, and a significant body of work from India in the recent years is being increasingly recognized throughout the world. The present article summarizes the key published work related to the epidemiology of genitourinary system tumors in the Indian setting. A PubMed search was made for locating and selecting articles relevant to the topic.

KEYWORDS: Data; India; Indian; genitourinary cancers

PMID: 27606296 PMCID: PMC4991131 DOI: 10.4103/2278-330X 187577

Free PMC Article

· · · ·	**************************************	······································		4. ar-an reference (Netherly) (THE PROPERTY
Publication type					
· salisation type			• •		
				•	

LinkOut - more resources